

PEDIATRIC ASTHMA MANAGEMENT

Less than 17 years of age

IH Emergency Departments

Weight (kg)

Bulleted orders are initiated by default, unless crossed out and initialed by the physician/prescriber. Boxed orders () require physician/prescriber check mark () to be initiated. **INITIAL MANAGEMENT (1st hour in Emergency Department)** 1. ALLERGIES: See Allergy and Adverse Reaction Record #826234 2. DIET ☐ NPO ☐ Sips 3. ACTIVITY □ Bedrest □ Activity as Tolerated 4. MONITORING Heart rate, SpO₂, respiratory rate and PRAM score Q _____ and PRN; minimum 20MIN after each dose of salbutamol NOTIFY Physician if PRAM score greater than or equal to 8 (see PRAM scoring tool on reverse of page 1) ☐ Peak Expiratory Flow (PEFR) ☐ Continuous Cardiac/Respiratory/SpO₂ monitoring/Reassessing ☐ Other 5. LABORATORY ☐ ED Panel (CBC, Lytes4, BUN, Cre, Glucose) ☐ Arterial Blood Gases (ABG) × 1 ☐ Venous Blood Gases (VBG) × 1 6. DIAGNOSTICS ☐ Chest Portable Peds less than 17 years ☐ Chest Peds less than 17 years 7. TREATMENTS Oxygen to keep SpO₂ greater than 92% 8. Intravenous Therapy and Hydration ☐ Saline Lock ☐ IV: Fluid, type and rate

Date (dd/mm/yyyy)	Time	Prescriber's Signature	Printed Name or College ID#
/ /			

Table 1: PRAM Scoring Table *
*See also CHBC Provincial Asthma Guideline – Part Two: Appendix A for additional information**

Criterions	Description	Score	Notes	
02 saturation	Greater than or equal to 95%	0	0 ₂ saturation must be measured with the patient breathing ambient at until stabilization of the oximetry value for at least 1 minute.	
	92 to 94%	1	Turn Off Supplementary Oxygen when measuring PRAM. If Sp0 ₂ falls to less than 92% you can turn oxygen back on immediately as they have automatically scored maximum (2) points.	
	Less than 92%	2		
Suprasternal Retraction	Absent	0	The suprasternal retraction is visible indrawing of the skin above the sternum and between the sterno-cleido-mastoid muscle with every	
Intercostal Substernal	Present	2	intake of breath. This is a visual assessment.	
Scalene Muscle Contraction	Absent	0	The scalenes are deep cervical muscles located in the floor of the lateral aspect of the neck. Scalene contraction cannot be seen. This is a palpable assessment. Land mark for locating scalene muscles in the triangle bordered by the clavicle (in the front), the trapezius (in the back) and neck (medially) in line with the ear lobe. Occurs in about 10% of all patients – only those with severe asthma exacerbations.	
Scale Muscle Contraction	Present	2		
Air Entry	Normal	0	In cases of asymmetry, the most severely affected lung field determines the rating.	
	↓ at the base	1	Use lung fields to grade air entry. Lung field = two contiguous VERTICAL auscultation zones of the major lobes:	
RUL RML RUL	↓ at the apex and the base	2	Right anterior lung field: Right posterior lung field: RUL and RML RUL and RLL	
RLL	Minimal or absent	3	↓ at the base 1 Left anterior lung field: ↓ at the apex and 2 Left posterior lung field: ↓ LUL and LLL	
Wheezing	Absent	0		
	Expiratory only	1	Use auscultation zones to grade wheeze.	
	Inspiratory (± expiratory)	2	At least two auscultation zones must be affected to influence the rating.	
	Audible without stethoscope or silent chest (minimal or no air entry)	3	**In case of asymmetry, the two most Audible without severely affected auscultation zones, stethoscope or 3 irrespectively of their location (RUL, RML, silent chest RLL, LUL, LLL), will determine the rating (minimal or no air criterion).	

Child Health BC. Provincial Asthma Guideline; Initial Management of Pediatric Asthma in Emergent/Urgent Care Settings. Vancouver, BC: Child Health BC, April 2018.

Severity Classification

Mild	0 to 3
Moderate	4 to 7
Severe	8 to 12
Impending Respiratory Failure	Regardless of score, presence of lethargy, cyanosis, decreasing respiratory effort, and/or rising C0 ₂

Suprasternal Retractions: Notch seen above the clavicle and sternum-may appear to sink in with each breath. May cause an involuntary shoulder shrug in small children.

Scalene Muscle Contractions: The scalenes are deep cervical muscles located in the floor of the lateral aspect of the neck. Scalene contraction cannot be seen. This is a palpable assessment. Occurs in about 10% of all patients – only those with severe asthma exacerbations.



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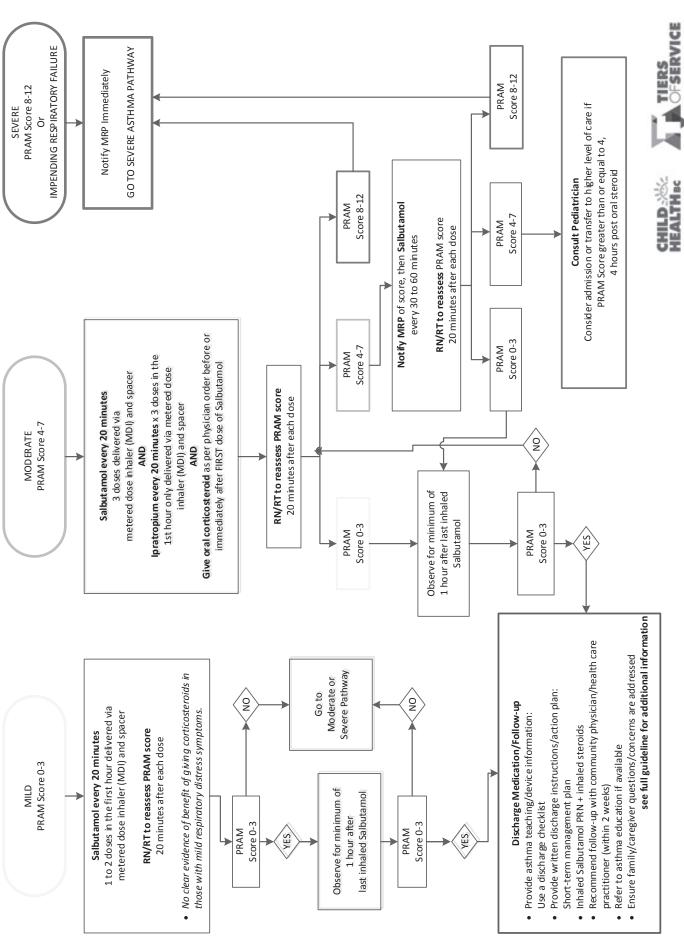
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9.	MILD ASTHMA PRAM SCORE 0 – 3 (See PRAM scoring tool on reverse of page 1)				
٠.	Inhaled Medications				
	☐ Pediatric less than 20 kg: • salbutamol 500 mcg (5 puffs) per MDI with spacer (preferred) **OR** 2.5 mg nebulized Q20MIN PRN up to 2 doses				
	□ Pediatric 20kg or greater: • salbutamol 1,000 mcg (10 puffs) per MDI with spacer (preferred) **OR** 5 mg nebulized Q20MIN PRN up to 2 doses				
	 Reassess PRAM score after 2 doses of salbutamol and if PRAM score greater than 3, call MRP for further orders (refer to pathway on back of page 2) 				
10.	. MODERATE ASTHMA PRAM SCORE 4 – 7 (See PRAM scoring tool on reverse of page 1)				
	Consult RT if available				
	Consider consulting pediatrician on call				
	Inhaled Medications				
	 □ Pediatric less than 20 kg: • salbutamol 500 mcg (5 puffs) per MDI with spacer **OR** 2.5 mg nebulized Q20MIN × 3 doses 				
	 ipratropium 60 mcg (3 puffs) per MDI with spacer **OR** 250 mcg nebulized Q20MIN × 3 doses 				
	□ Pediatric 20 kg or greater: • salbutamol 1,000 mcg (10 puffs) per MDI with spacer **OR** 5 mg nebulized Q20MIN × 3 doses				
	 ipratropium 120 mcg (6 puffs) per MDI with spacer as above **OR** 500 mcg nebulized Q20MIN × 3 doses 				
	Corticosteroid Medication				
	dexamethasone mg PO × 1 dose (0.3 to 0.6 mg/kg/dose to max 16 mg/day)				
	predniSONE mg PO × 1 dose (1 to 2 mg/kg/dose to max 60 mg/day)				
	methylPREDNISolone mg IV Q6H (1 mg/kg/dose to max 60 mg/dose)				
	Intravenous Medications				
	magnesium sulfate mg IV × 1 dose (25 to 50 mg/kg/dose to max 2,000 mg/dose) (consider for patients with incomplete response to conventional therapy during the first 1-2 hours)				
	 Reassess PRAM score after 3 doses of salbutamol + ipratropium and if PRAM score greater than 3, call MRP for further orders (refer to pathway on back of page 2) 				

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save@foods



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11.	SEVERE ASTHMA PRAM SCORE 8 – 12 OR IMPENDING RESPIRATORY FAILURE	(See severe asthm	a algorithm
	on reverse)		

- Call ED MRP immediately
- Consult Pediatrician on call
- Consult RT if available
- Consider Higher Level of Care call PTN at 1-866-233-2337
- Continuous Cardio/Respiratory/SpO₂ monitoring/Reassessing
- Establish IV access, run maintenance fluids

Inhaled Medications

IIIIIaiec	i medications
	• salbutamol 5 mg continuously nebulized via 6 to 8 L/min of oxygen - continue until PRAM score is less than 8 Dilute 1 mL of 5 mg/mL salbutmol solution in 1.5 mL 0.9% sodium chloride to make one dose.
	Pediatric less than 20 kg:
	 ipratropium 250 mcg nebulized Q20MIN for 3 doses (if not already given)
	Pediatric 20 kg or greater:
	 ipratropium 500 mcg nebulized Q20MIN for 3 doses (if not already given)
	Other
Intrave	nous Medications
	magnesium sulfate mg IV × 1 dose (25 to 50 mg/kg/dose to max 2,000 mg/dose)
	methylPREDNISolone mg IV Q6H (1 mg/kg/dose to max 60 mg/dose) even if steroid previously administered
DISCH	ARGE
Fol	low Pediatric Asthma Action Plan
<u>CH</u>	BC Asthma Action Plan 1 to 5 Years - Fillable
<u>CH</u>	BC Asthma Action Plan 1 to 5 Years - Printable
<u>CH</u>	BC Asthma Action Plan 6 to 18 Years - Fillable
<u>CH</u>	BC Asthma Action Plan 6 to 18 Years - Printable
Consid	er Pediatrician / Outpatient follow up (if on ICS/new diagnosis/repeated presentations to ED. EDP to arrange.)
	Asthma Education Clinic
	Community Respiratory Therapy
	Pulmonary Function Lab (if more than 6 years)
	See ED Discharge form #826238
	Admit; see admission orders

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12.

SEVERE PRAM Score 8-12 **OR** IMPENDING RESPIRATORY FAILURE NOT improving within 1 hour of initial therapy Call ED MRP and Pediatrician on call Immediately Consult RT if available 3. salbutamol continuous nebulization with oxygen 4. ipratropium nebulized every 20 minutes × 3 doses if not already given 5. Establish IV access, run maintenance fluids methylPREDNISolone IV 1 mg/kg/dose every 6 hours (even if previous steroid given) Continuous Cardio/Respiratory/Sp02 monitoring Consider Chest X-Ray **Reassess PRAM Score** PRAM Score 8-12 PRAM Score 0-7 Consider 0.9% sodium chloride bolus IV of 20 mL/kg over 20 minutes Continue to give magnesium sulfate IV salbutamol every to prevent hypotension 30-60 minutes. **AND** Consider calling BC Patient Transfer Network (PTN) to arrange Return to algorithm CONSULT consultation or transfer 1-866-233-2337 for moderate **PEDIATRICIAN** • consider Tele PICU consult if available PRAM score. • RT consult if not already involved Blood Gases (venous, capillary or arterial) If patient is Non-invasive positive pressure ventilation (NIPPV) deteriorating, · Anesthesia consult if considering advanced airway management consider: · Assisted Ventilations or Intubation · At the direction of the Intensivist: · aminophylline IV ketamine IV **Reassess PRAM Score** PRAM Score 8-12 PRAM Score 0-7 Continue to give Continue to give salbutamol continuous nebulization with oxygen salbutamol every 30-60 minutes. Return to algorithm Consult and prepare for transfer to a Higher Level of Care for moderate BC Patient Transfer Network (PTN) 1-866-233-2337 PRAM score.